

Ba/SOC/H/M-2

2025

(FYUGP)

(2nd Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

(MINOR)

Paper : SOC/H/M-2

(Introduction to Sociology—II)

Full Marks : 75

Pass Marks : 40%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

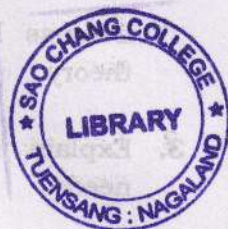
1. Discuss Rousseau's theory of emergence of society.

10

Or

Define sociability. Explain its significance in understanding human behaviour and social relationship.

3+7=10



2. Discuss social solidarity as propounded by Emile Durkheim. 10

Or

Discuss Edmund Leach's social structure theory.

3. Explain in detail Malinowski's theory of needs. 10

Or

Discuss R. K. Merton's strain theory.

4. Critically examine Mead's concept of pragmatism. 10

Or

Explain Herbert Blumer's theory on symbolic interactionism.

5. Explain the theory of dialectical materialism of Karl Marx. 10

Or

Discuss Dahrendorf's theory on class conflict.

Subject Code : Ba/SOC/H/M-2

To be filled in by the Candidate

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA
2nd Semester End Term
Examination, 2025 (FYUGP)

Subject

Paper

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script meant for descriptive type questions and vice versa.
2. This paper should be ANSWERED FIRST and submitted within 1 (one) Hour of the commencement of the Examination.
3. While answering the questions of this booklet, any cutting, erasing, over-writing or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done only on the main Answer Book. Instructions given in each question should be followed for answering that question only.

Signature of
Scrutiniser(s)

Signature of
Examiner(s)

Booklet No. **A** 289

Date Stamp

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To be filled in by the
Candidate

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA
2nd Semester End Term
Examination, 2025 (FYUGP)

Roll No.

Regn. No.

Subject

Paper

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

Booklet No. B

Signature of
Invigilator(s)

2025

(FYUGP)

(2nd Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

(MINOR)

Paper : SOC/H/M-2

(Introduction to Sociology—II)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 15)

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×15=15

1. The two influential thinkers in the emergence of social theory in the 18th century are

- (a) Auguste Comte and Rousseau ()
- (b) Montesquieu and Auguste Comte ()
- (c) Rousseau and Montesquieu ()
- (d) Montesquieu and Emile Durkheim ()

2. Who said, "Man is born free, and everywhere he is in chains"?

- (a) Georg Simmel ()
- (b) Rousseau ()
- (c) Montesquieu ()
- (d) Auguste Comte ()

3. Which of the following concepts is associated with Simmel's sociability?

- (a) Forms of social conflict ()
- (b) Social solidarity ()
- (c) Class conflict ()
- (d) Forms of social interactions ()

4. _____ was a book written by Auguste Comte.

- (a) *Course of Positive Philosophy* ()
- (b) *The Division of Labor in Society* ()
- (c) *Das Kapital* ()
- (d) *Social Darwinism* ()

5. Whose idea of 'science of society' influenced the development of sociology and economics as fields of scientific study?

(a) Auguste Comte ()

(b) Saint-Simon ()

(c) Spencer ()

(d) Weber ()

6. Who developed the model of Gumsa?

(a) Lévi-Strauss ()

(b) Georg Simmel ()

(c) Edmund Leach ()

(d) Radcliffe-Brown ()

7. What type of law is found in organic solidarity?

(a) Restitutive law ()

(b) Repressive law ()

(c) Repulsive law ()

(d) Destructive law ()

8. According to Malinowski, what are the three main types of needs?

- (a) Biological, psychological and social needs ()
- (b) Emotional, physical and spiritual needs ()
- (c) Social, economic and political needs ()
- (d) Primary, secondary and tertiary needs ()

9. According to R. K. Merton's strain theory, drug addicts may follow the path of

- (a) ritualism ()
- (b) retreatism ()
- (c) innovation ()
- (d) conformity ()

10. According to Ralf Dahrendorf, class conflict in modern society arises due to

- (a) haves and have nots ()
- (b) proletariat and bourgeoisie ()
- (c) authority and subordinates ()
- (d) men and women ()

11. Who is the author of the book, *Mind, Self and Society* ?
- (a) H. Blumer ()
 - (b) G. H. Mead ()
 - (c) Talcott Parsons ()
 - (d) R. K. Merton ()
12. Who suggested that conflict has functional importance in society?
- (a) Lewis Coser ()
 - (b) Karl Marx ()
 - (c) R. Dahrendorf ()
 - (d) R. Collins ()
13. Karl Marx discussed about dialectical materialism in the book
- (a) *The Communist Manifesto* ()
 - (b) *Das Kapital* ()
 - (c) *The German Ideology* ()
 - (d) *The Kachins* ()

14. Karl Marx drew his philosophical inspiration from

(a) Comte ()

(b) Spencer ()

(c) Hegel ()

(d) Durkheim ()

15. Who are known as the founding fathers of social anthropology?

(a) Max Weber and Herbert Spencer ()

(b) Radcliffe-Brown and Karl Marx ()

(c) Malinowski and R. K. Merton ()

(d) Radcliffe-Brown and Malinowski ()

(7)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 10)

Answer any *five* of the following questions :

2×5=10

1. What is positivism?

2. Distinguish between industrial society and military society.

3. Define Radcliffe-Brown's social structure.

4. Highlight Max Weber's types of social action.

5. What are the two types of law according to Durkheim?

(12)

6. What is social structure according to Edmund Leach?

7. What do you understand by Parsons' action theory? .8

8. What is organic analogy?

9. What is Spencer's theory of social evolution?

10. What are the positive functions of conflict according to Coser?
