## Bs/CHEM.M-3 (T)

2024

(FYUGP)

( 3rd Semester )

CHEMISTRY

( Minor )



Paper Code: CHEM.M-3 (T)

(Inorganic Chemistry—II: s- and p-Block Elements)

Full Marks: 75

Pass Marks: 40%

Time: 3 hours

( PART : B-DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 50 )

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- (a) Explain how water can behave as an acid and a base under suitable conditions.
  - (b) How does Lewis concept define acids and bases? Give suitable examples. 3
  - (c) What is the HSAB principle? Discuss its applications.

L25/148a

(Turn Over)

3

4

## OR

2. (	a) What are the advantages and limitations of the Bronsted-Lowry concept of acids and bases?
	b) Explain the relative strength of acids and bases with regard to $K_a$ , $pK_a$ , $K_b$ and $pK_b$ values.
(	Describe the different views to explain the basis of hard-hard and soft-soft interactions.
3. (6	Explain inert-pair effect giving suitable examples.
10 (1	b) Give one preparation and structure of basic beryllium acetate. 1+2=3
(0	c) Discuss the different allotropes of phosphorus.
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4. (0	Give the preparation of diborane and discuss its reaction with ammonia under different reaction conditions. 1+3=4
(Ł	Discuss anomalous behaviour of nitrogen with other members of group 15 elements.
(0	Give the preparation of any three interhalogen compounds.
L25/14	(Continued)

5.	(a)	Write a note on the uses of krypton and xenon.	3
	(b)	Explain the clathrates of the noble gases.	3
	(c)	Discuss the valence bond treatment and MO treatment of XeF <sub>2</sub> .	4
		OR State blue OR	
6.	(a)	Discuss the structure and bonding	3
	(b)	Give one preparation of $XeF_4$ . Write the reactions of $XeF_4$ with hydrogen and water. $1+3=4$	1
	(c)	Write a note on the uses of helium and radon.	3
7.	(a)	Discuss with examples, the various steps involved in the preparation of silicones.	5
	(b)	Give one synthesis each and structures of $[NPCl_2]_3$ and $[NPCl_2]_4$ . $2+2=4$	-
		OR	
8.	(a)	Discuss briefly any four types of silicone. $2\times4=8$	3
	(b)	Write a short note on the different types of inorganic polymer.	
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9.	(a)	Give the reaction of boric acid with-	
		<ul><li>(i) ethanol in the presence of conc. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>;</li></ul>	
		(ii) sodium carbonate;	
		(iii) acetic anhydride. 1×3	=3
	(b)	Illustrate the effect of solvents on the relative strength of acid and base.	4
	(c)	Discuss the VSEPR theory of XeOF <sub>4</sub> .	3
		OR	
10	(a)	Give one preparation each and	

- structures of any three oxoacids of phosphorus. 2×3=6
  - (b) Discuss the structure and bonding of XeF<sub>6</sub>.

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Subject Code : Bs/CHEM.M-3 (T)	
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To be filled in by the Candidate	Personal Company of the Company of t
BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA  3rd Semester End Term  Examination, 2024 (FYUGP)  Subject	
Paper	To be filled in by the Candidate
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES	BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA
1. The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script meant for descriptive type questions and vice versa.	3rd Semester End Term Examination, 2024 (FYUGP)
2. This paper should be ANSWERED FIRST and submitted within 1 (one) Hour of the commencement of the Examination.	Roll No.
3. While answering the questions of this booklet, any cutting, erasing, overwriting or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done only on the main Answer Book. Instructions given in each question should be	Subject  Paper  DESCRIPTIVE TYPE
followed for answering that question only.	Booklet No. B

Signature of Scrutiniser(s)

Signature of Examiner(s)

Signature of Invigilator(s)

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( FYUGP )	
( 3rd Semester )	
CHEMISTRY	
( Minor )	
Paper Code: CHEM.M-3(T)	
(Inorganic Chemistry—II: s- and p-Block Elements)	
( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )	
( Marks : 25 )	
The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the question	s
SECTION—I OH > IH > THE (6)	
( Marks : 15 )	
Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided: 1×15=1	.5
1. The conjugate acid of NH <sub>3</sub> is about agreed now and	
(a) NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup> ( ) sbind flow (b)	
(b) NH <sub>4</sub> ( ) ships brant (d)	
(c) NH <sub>2</sub> ( ) abiae antirebrook (c)	
(d) NH <sup>-2</sup> ( ) evode of the above (b)	
/148 ********	

2.	AlC	l <sub>3</sub> and BF <sub>3</sub> are the examples of
	(a)	Bronsted-Lowry bases ( )
	(b)	Bronsted-Lowry acids ( )
	(c)	Lewis acids ( )
	(d)	Lewis bases ( )
3.	The	correct order of the strength of halogen acids is
	(a)	HF < HCl < HBr < HI ( )
	(b)	HI < HBr < HCl < HF ( )
	(c)	HBr < HI < HCl < HF ( )
	(d)	HCl < HF < HBr < HI
		a Siele von erid ageleid the forme autografie
4.	Lewi	is acids, which are small in size and whose tron charge clouds are not easily polarizable, are
	(a)	soft acids ( )
	(b)	hard acids ( )
W , I	(c)	borderline acids ( )
	(d)	None of the above ( )

5.	The	gener	al	outer	shell	electronic	configuration	of
	the	noble	ga	ses is			- San Guide	O1

(a)  $ns^2(n-1)p^6$  ( )

(b)  $(n-1)s^2np^6$  ( )

(c)  $ns^2np^6$  ( )

(d)  $(n-2)s^2np^6$  ( )

6. Which noble gas is used along with oxygen in the modern diving apparatus?

(a) Helium ( )

(b) Neon ( )

(c) Argon ( )

(d) Krypton ( )

7.	Xer	on oxodif		e (Xe	OF <sub>2</sub> )	has			
	(a)	square p	olanar	struc	ture		(	) )	
	(b)	T-shaped		cture		(	)		
	(c)	octahedr		ucture	9	(	)		
	(d)	trigonal				uctu	re	bine (19) ( ) (1 - 2)s (1)	(5)
8.	Whi	ich of the				isı	not a	n eyamr	ole of
	diag	gonal relat	tionsh	ip?		BIT 8		n noble m diving	
		Li, Mg		)					
		K, Ca	(			Casi			
		Be, Al	( acid	)		1	)	nogi	
	(d)	B, Si	( = 1	)					

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9.	Whi dian	ch of the following is not a choond?	naracteristic of	
	(a)	Colourless transparent (	) might distributed	
	(b)	Hardest substance ( )		
	(c)	Bad conductor of electricity	( )	
	(d)	Each carbon $sp^2$ hybridized	( )	
			(4) BOK	
10.	Whi	ch of the following is an allotrop	e of carbon?	
	(a)	Diamond ( )		
	(b)	Graphite ( )		
	(c)	Bucky balls ( )		
	(d)	All of the above ( )	A 1959	
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11.	Allo	trope of	sulph	ur wi	ith n	eedle	shap	ed cryst	als	is
	(a)	α-sulph	ur	(	)					
	(b)	β-sulph	ur	(	)					
	(c)	γ-sulph	ur	(	)					
	(d)	δ-sulph	ıur	(	)					
12.	Wh	ich of th	ne follo	wing	is n	ot a	pseu	dohalide	?	
	(a)	CN <sup>-</sup>	(	) (8						
	(b)	SCN-	(	)						
	(c)	NO <sub>3</sub>	(	)						
	(d)	N <sub>3</sub>	10(33)	) Notes		ei ge				
								brems		
13		peroxyb ups.	orates	, the	ere a	re _	_ 1	oridging	per	
	(a)	1	( )							
	(b)	2	( )							
	(c)	3	( )							
	(d)	4	(							

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14.	The	molecular	formula	of	horazine	in
	TILC	moleculai	iorinula	OI	DUIAZIIIC	15

OI= (a) C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> ( left) an anoneoup answellet sets reward

(b)  $C_3N_3H_6$  ( )

(c)  $B_3N_3H_6$  ( )

(d)  $C_3B_3H_6$  ( )

15. Cyclic silicates are formed by the sharing of \_\_\_\_\_ oxygen(s) per silicon atoms.

(a) 1 ( )

(b) 2 ()

(c) 3 ()

(d) 4 ()

SECTION—II

( Marks: 10 )

Answer the following questions in brief:

2×5=10

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1. Why do noble gases have little tendency to form compounds with other elements?

2. Write a short note on the uses of argon.

3. What are the advantages of Lewis concept of acids and bases?

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4. Write a short note on pseudohalogens.

5. Draw the molecular structure of boron nitride.

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